Ssessment Bulletin

IB Bulletin No. 18-03 December 2018

2018 Updates Alberta Assessment Quality Minister's Guidelines, and Recording and Reporting Information for Assessment Audit and Equalized Assessment Manual

The Minister of Municipal Affairs has approved Ministerial Order No. MAG:015/18 (**December 2018**). This order establishes the 2018 Alberta Assessment Quality Minister's Guidelines (Guidelines), and the 2018 Recording and Reporting Information for Assessment Audit and Equalized Assessment Manual (Manual). The order is effective for the 2019 and subsequent tax years.

There are no policy changes to the 2018 Alberta Assessment Quality Minister's Guidelines.

The Ministerial Order, the guidelines, the manual, and the respective concordance table outlining the changes and clarifications to the guidelines and manual are available on the Municipal Affairs website at <u>www.municipalaffairs.alberta.ca</u>, under Municipalities and Communities/Property Assessment and Taxation.

If you have any questions regarding this bulletin, please contact the Assessment Services Branch at <u>lgsmail@gov.ab.ca</u>, or toll-free at 310-0000, then 780-422-1377.

Page	Original	Rationale
1 RnR	Submissions of data from municipalities to Alberta Municipal Affairs form the heart of the annual audit program, which checks for compliance with regulated assessment standards. It is the duty of the assessor to submit the information described in this manual on behalf of the municipality.	See below.
	Every municipality must provide an annual return of information by April 1. Assessment roll corrections or changes, the liability code, supplementary assessments, and information on indicators of value must also be reported in the manner described in the manual.	
	A municipality must maintain a record of all the information that it is required to report in accordance with this manual.	
	Note: This manual contains excerpts from legislation to assist anyone using the manual. Users should consult the applicable legal authority for the purposes of interpretation and application whenever the legislation icon is used in the manual.	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
1 RnR	Submissions of data from municipalities to Alberta Municipal Affairs form the heart of the annual audit program, which checks for compliance with regulated assessment standards. It is the duty of the assessor to submit the information described in this manual on behalf of the municipality.	Added additional wording to provide clarity and reflect changes in the
	Every municipality must provide an annual return of information by February 28. Assessment roll corrections or changes, the liability code, supplementary assessments, and information on indicators of value must also be reported in the manner described in the manual.	Municipal Government Act (MGA) that created the Provincial
	A municipality must maintain a record of all the information that it is required to report in accordance with this manual.	Assessor position.
	The annual return submitted by the Municipal Assessor must NOT contain assessment data related to designated industrial property, as defined in the <i>Municipal Government Act</i> , section 284(f.01).	
	Note: This manual contains excerpts from legislation to assist anyone using the manual. Users should consult the applicable legal authority for the purposes of interpretation and application whenever the legislation icon is used in the manual.	

Page	Original	Rationale
2 RnR	(o) "Regulation" means the Matters Relating To Assessment and Taxation Regulation (AR 220/2004), as amended;	See below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
2 RnR	(o) "Regulation" means the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation (AR 220/2004), or the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation, 2018 (AR 203/2017), whichever is applicable in the context.	The old Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation (MRAT) needs to be referenced as it still applies to the City of Lloydminster.

Page	Original	Rationale
2 RnR	(p) "requisitioning body" is an authority described in sections 326(a)(iii), (iv) and (v) of the Act.	See below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
2 RnR	(p) "requisitioning body" is an authority described in sections 326(1)(a)(ii), (iii), and (v) of the Act.	Removes reference to repealed subsection. Also excludes <i>MGA</i> , 362(1)(a)(vi) which references the designated industrial property (DIP) requisition. Equalized assessments are not used to calculate DIP requisitions.

Page	Original	Rationale
2	No Note	See below.
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
2	NOTE : For all parts of Alberta, other than the City of Lloydminster, the regulation sections referenced	The old MRAT needs
2	NOTE . Tot all parts of Alberta, other than the City of Eloyuminister, the regulation sections referenced	

Page	Original	Rationale
	203/2017). For the City of Lloydminster, refer to the appropriate sections in the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation (AR 220/2004).	still applies to the City of Lloydminster.

Page	Original	Rationale
3 RnR	 For the purposes of the annual audit and the equalized assessment functions, the assessor is required to provide information pursuant to sections 293(3) and 319(1) of the Act. The information required is described in section 2.11, CAMA XML File Detail Definition. The information for these functions is provided in a specified file format: 	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
3 RnR	 For the purposes of the annual audit and the equalized assessment functions, the assessor is required to provide information pursuant to sections 293(3) and 319(1) of the Act. The information required is described in Appendix A, CAMA XML File Detail Definition. The information for these functions is provided in a specified file format: 	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
3 RnR	 The information described in section 2.11 must be provided in the form of a zipped XML file following the instructions in this Part of the Manual. The zipped file must be submitted: 	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
3 RnR	 The information described in Appendix A must be provided in the form of a zipped XML file following the instructions in this Part of the Manual. The zipped file must be submitted: 	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
3 RnR	 3. The information described in section 2.11 that a municipality must prepare and provide for the annual return, for each property, including all annexed properties and properties within a community revitalization levy area, includes, among others: (a) the liability codes, (b) the assessment(s), (c) information sufficient to determine the assessment level for the properties described in section 17 of the Regulation. 	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale

3	3. The information described in Appendix A that a municipality must prepare and provide	Updating reference to
RnR	for the annual return, for each property, including all annexed properties and properties	reflect section
	within a community revitalization levy area, includes, among others:	reorganization within
	(a) the liability codes,	document.
	(b) the assessment(s),	
	(c) information sufficient to determine the assessment level for the properties	
	described in section 20 of the Regulation.	

Page	Original	Rationale
3 RnR	 4. The information described in section 2.11 that an assessor must record and provide about property in the municipality, for each property, includes, among others: (a) Property characteristics and condition attributes, (b) Legal description and use information, (c) Assessment related information, (d) Market value variables and parameters, (e) Indicators of value related information. 	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
3 RnR	 4. The information described in Appendix A that an assessor must record and provide about property in the municipality, for each property, includes, among others: (a) Property characteristics and condition attributes, (b) Legal description and use information, (c) Assessment related information, (d) Market value variables and parameters, (e) Indicators of value related information. 	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document. To reflect changes in MRAT (AR 203/2017)

Page	Original	Rationale
6 RnR	CAMA XML File Structure The W3C (World Wide Web Consortium) standards are used in the development of the XML schema for the CAMA XML file. XML files can be viewed with an XML editor, or with an Internet Explorer browser. The annual return submission, the indicators of value submission, supplementary submission and the revision submission files do not vary in XML structure but may vary in the relationships between parent and child files. Section 2.10, CAMA XML File Schema Relationship, describes in detail the structure and the relationships of the CAMA XML file.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale

6	CAMA XML File Structure	Updating reference to
RnR	The W3C (World Wide Web Consortium) standards are used in the development of the	reflect section
	XML schema for the CAMA XML file.	reorganization within
	XML files can be viewed with an XML editor, or with an Internet Explorer browser. The	document.
	annual return submission, the indicators of value submission, supplementary	
	submission and the revision submission files do not vary in XML structure but may vary	
	in the relationships between parent and child files. Appendix C, CAMA XML File	
	Schema Relationship, describes in detail the structure and the relationships of the	
	CAMA XML file.	

Page	Original	Rationale
7 RnR	2.7 Element and Attribute Naming Standards	Refer below.
	Abbreviations are used in naming attributes, are not used in naming elements (parent or child). Please refer to section 2.9, XML File Terminology, for a definition of elements and attributes. The first twenty-one (21) characters of element names will be unique.	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
7 RnR	2.7 Element and Attribute Naming Standards	Updating reference to reflect section
	Abbreviations are used in naming attributes, are not used in naming elements (parent or child). Please refer to Appendix B, XML File Terminology, for a definition of elements and attributes. The first twenty-one (21) characters of element names will be unique.	reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
9-13	XML File Terminology in section 2.9	Refer below
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
114-	XML File Terminology moved to Appendix B	Improves readability.
118		
RnR		

Page	Original	Rationale
14-19 RnR	CAMA XML File Schema Relationship in section 2.10	Refer below.

Page	Original	Rationale
Page	Proposed	Rationale
119-	CAMA XML File Schema Relationship moved to Appendix C	Improves readability.
123		
RnR		

Page	Original	Rationale
19-49	CAMA XML File Detail Definition in section 2.11	Refer below.
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
83-113 RnR	CAMA XML File Detail Definition moved to Appendix A	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
52-56 RnR	Table 4 Alberta Registries Registration Document Types	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
124- 128 RnR	Table 4 Alberta Registries Registration Document Types moved to Appendix D	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
57 RnR	Farm Land Sales In rural municipalities many sales of residential and non-residential property include a component of farm land. Since it is strictly the market value of residential and non-residential uses that form the basis of the ratio study, assessors will have to flag the sales that include farm land so they are not used in the ratio study even if they are good sales. This applies to all document types where reporting is shown as required in Table 4. However, in instances where non-farm parcels trade for values similar to farm land, these sales might be relevant.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
10-11 RnR	<i>Farm Land Sales</i> In rural municipalities many sales of residential and non-residential property include a component of farm land. Since it is strictly the market value of residential and non-residential uses that form the	Updating reference to reflect section

Pag	e Original	Rationale
		reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
59 RnR	The ASSET application will obtain new registrations from Registries Land Title Changes twice a month. Where the transfer document should be verified (see Table 4, Alberta Registration Document Types) ASSET will code the transaction as an unverified sale and try to match it with an existing indicator of value or annual return record in ASSET. ASSET will first try to match the transaction to a certificate of title, and second to a LINC number. The matching process stops when a matching record is found in ASSET.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
13 RnR	The ASSET application will obtain new registrations from Registries Land Title Changes twice a month. Where the transfer document should be verified (see Appendix D, Alberta Registration Document Types) ASSET will code the transaction as an unverified sale and try to match it with an existing indicator of value or annual return record in ASSET. ASSET will first try to match the transaction to a certificate of title, and second to a LINC number. The matching process stops when a matching record is found in ASSET.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
61 RnR	Table 5 Sale Verification Codes	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
14 RnR	Table 2 Sale Verification Codes	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
66 RnR	Table 6 Indicator of Value Types Used in the Annual Audit Ratio Study	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale

Page	Original	Rationale
20 RnR	Table 3 Indicator of Value Types Used in the Annual Audit Ratio Study	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
66 RnR	Table 7 Indicator of Value Types That May Also Be Included in the IOV Submission	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
20 RnR	Table 4 Indicator of Value Types That May Also Be Included in the IOV Submission	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
73 RnR	Error! Reference source not found. shows a line graph of median sale price per square metre (SPPSM) with a 30-month time period. The chart indicates that sales prices began the period at \$700 per square metre and ended at approximately \$762 per square metre, which is an increase of \$62, or 8.86 percent (62 ÷ 700). Over the 30-month period, this works out to an average increase of about 0.3% per month. Sales that occurred before the appraisal date would be adjusted upward at this rate. Sales after the appraisal date would be adjusted downward at the same rate.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
27 RnR	The following Figure 1 – Line Graph of Median SPPSM with Time shows a line graph of median sale price per square metre (SPPSM) with a 30-month time period. The chart indicates that sales prices began the period at \$700 per square metre and ended at approximately \$762 per square metre, which is an increase of \$62, or 8.86 percent (62 ÷ 700). Over the 30-month period, this works out to an average increase of about 0.3% per month. Sales that occurred before the appraisal date would be adjusted upward at this rate. Sales after the appraisal date would be adjusted downward at the same rate.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document. Was showing an "Error."

Page	Original	Rationale
78	Listings	Refer below.
RnR	(Adjustment Code 5007)	

	Listings are properties offered for sale to the public, such as through Multiple Listing Services, newspaper advertisements, or an agent. Listings may be included in the ratio study if the sample size needs to be increased; however, the list price must be adjusted to bring it in line with actual sale prices obtained from a comparable property group within the regional market. The amount of adjustment should reflect the typical ratio of sale price to list price for similar properties. For example, if the typical ratio of sale price to list price is 0.93, and the list price for a property is \$100,000, the adjusted sale price will be $100,000 \times 0.93 = 93,000$. The adjustment amount is \$7,000. This adjustment amount should be used with the 'LIST' indicator of value type (see Table 6).	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
32 RnR	<i>Listings</i> (<i>Adjustment Code 5007</i>) Listings are properties offered for sale to the public, such as through Multiple Listing Services, newspaper advertisements, or an agent. Listings may be included in the ratio study if the sample size needs to be increased; however, the list price must be adjusted to bring it in line with actual sale prices obtained from a comparable property group within the regional market. The amount of adjustment should reflect the typical ratio of sale price to list price for similar properties. For example, if the typical ratio of sale price to list price is 0.93, and the list price for a property is \$100,000, the adjusted sale price will be \$100,000 x 0.93 = \$93,000. The adjustment amount is \$7,000. This adjustment amount should be used with the 'LIST' indicator of value type (see Table 3).	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
82 RnR	The determination of the assessment value range stratification will be an automated process done by ASSET. During the annual audit process, quartiles will be combined into the adjacent quartile where the sample size is less than 15 indicators of value. Combining occurs between adjacent quartiles. Thus, the first and second quartile combine; the third and fourth quartile combine. Quartiles are calculated for each group of properties listed in Table 7, Actual Use Groups except Special Purpose (SPEC).	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
36 RnR	The determination of the assessment value range stratification will be an automated process done by ASSET. During the annual audit process, quartiles will be combined into the adjacent quartile where the sample size is less than 15 indicators of value. Combining occurs between adjacent quartiles. Thus, the first and second quartile combine; the third and fourth quartile combine. Quartiles are calculated for each group of properties listed in Table 5, Actual Use Groups except Special Purpose (SPEC).	Updating and correcting reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
84 RnR	Table 8 Actual Use Groups	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
38 RnR	Table 5 Actual Use Groups	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
84 RnR	In this table the residential class is made up of four actual use groups: Vacant Residential (VR), Single Family Dwellings (SFD), Residential Condominiums (RC) and Multi-Family (MF). The actual use codes (level 1 and level 2 codes, as required), and descriptions within each actual use group are listed in Table 9, Actual Use Codes.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
38 RnR	In this table the residential class is made up of four actual use groups: Vacant Residential (VR), Single Family Dwellings (SFD), Residential Condominiums (RC) and Multi-Family (MF). The actual use codes (level 1 and level 2 codes, as required), and descriptions within each actual use group are listed in Appendix E, Actual Use Codes.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
85 RnR	The non-residential class is made up of six actual use groups: Vacant Industrial (VIND), Industrial (IND), Vacant Commercial (VCOM), Commercial - Retail (RET), Commercial - Office (OFF), and Special Purpose (SPEC). More information on actual use codes can be found in Table 9, Actual Use Codes. Any non-residential property with a special purpose code in level 4 of the actual use codes will be assigned the actual use group Special Purpose (SPEC).	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
39 RnR	The non-residential class is made up of six actual use groups: Vacant Industrial (VIND), Industrial (IND), Vacant Commercial (VCOM), Commercial - Retail (RET), Commercial - Office (OFF), and Special Purpose (SPEC). More information on actual use codes can be found in Appendix E, Actual Use Codes. Any non-residential property with a special purpose code in level 4 of the actual use codes will be assigned the actual use group Special Purpose (SPEC).	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale

87	3.6.1 Actual Use		Refer below.
RnR	For each assessable property, a predominant actual use, and, if		
	applicable, a secondary actual use is required information that must		
	be reported with the CAMA XML file in the form described in Table 3,		
	CAMA XML File Detail Definition. The expertise of the assessor will	con·cat·e·nate Linked together; to link together	
	be relied upon for determining actual use. With the purpose of the	in a series or chain.	
	actual use codes in mind, the assessor must base the decision on		
	observation of the property relative to its use and what the market would consider the typical use to be.		
Page	Proposed		Rationale
41	3.6.1 Actual Use		Updating and
RnR	For each assessable property, a predominant actual use, and, if		correcting reference to
	applicable, a secondary actual use is required information that must		reflect section
	be reported with the CAMA XML file in the form described in Table		reorganization within
	20, CAMA XML File Detail Definition. The expertise of the assessor	con·cat·e·nate	document.
	will be relied upon for determining actual use. With the purpose of	Linked together; to link together in a series or chain.	
	the actual use codes in mind, the assessor must base the decision		
	on observation of the property relative to its use and what the market		
	would consider the typical use to be.		

Page	Original	Rationale
87-88 RnR	Actual use codes will be used as query criteria for assessors and the annual audit ratio study process to find comparable assessment and sales data. Table 9, Actual Use Codes, provides the details of the coding scheme. There are four levels to the codes, which are concatenated when used. For example, the actual use code for an improved residential single family unit (fee simple) would be R101000; the actual use code for an improved commercial, retail, stand alone would be C101010. Unspecified (00) and No Conditions (0) are used as place holders in levels 3 and 4 when the information is not applicable.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
41-42 RnR	Actual use codes will be used as query criteria for assessors and the annual audit ratio study process to find comparable assessment and sales data. Appendix E, Actual Use Codes, provides the details of the coding scheme. There are four levels to the codes, which are concatenated when used. For example, the actual use code for an improved residential single family unit (fee simple) would be R101000; the actual use code for an improved commercial, retail, stand alone would be C101010. Unspecified (00) and No Conditions (0) are used as place holders in levels 3 and 4 when the information is not applicable.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
89-106	Actual Use Codes in section 3.6.1 Actual Use Codes Table 9	Refer below.
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
129-	Actual Use Codes moved to Appendix E	Improves readability.
147		
RnR		

Page	Original	Rationale
107 RnR	3.6.2 MODEL QUALITY STRUCTURE CODES The Model Quality Structure (MQS) codes in Table 10 Model Quality Structure Codes are the department's standard codes for the model, quality, and structure components of improvement classification codes. The valid combinations of model, quality, and structure codes for each cost manual are included in the ASSET Classification Cross Reference table. Only a valid municipality's classification code for each improvement on the property must be reported with the CAMA XML.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
42 RnR	3.6.2 MODEL QUALITY STRUCTURE CODES The Model Quality Structure (MQS) codes in Appendix F - Model Quality Structure Codes are the department's standard codes for the model, quality, and structure components of improvement classification codes. The valid combinations of model, quality, and structure codes for each cost manual are included in the ASSET Classification Cross Reference table. Only a valid municipality's classification code for each improvement on the property must be reported with the CAMA XML.	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
108- 121 RnR	21	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
148- 173 RnR	Moved Table 10 Model Quality Structure Codes to Appendix F	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
122	3.6.3 Cost Manual Codes	Refer below.
RnR		

			Concordance Table		
Th	ne source of each improv	vement clas	sification code must be reported. Genera	lly, the source is a	
со	construction cost manual or an assessment manual. The codes in Table 11 must be used to report				
the	e source. A municipality	that has de	veloped custom classification codes can	have its own	
as	sessment manual code	added to th	e table by contacting the ASSET adminis	trator.	
		Tá	able 11 Cost Manual Codes	_	
	Co	de 🛛	Description		
	700	D1 A	Alberta 1967 Assessment Manual		
	700)2	Alberta 1979 Assessment Manual		
	700)3 A	Alberta 1984 Assessment Manual		
	700	D4 A	Alberta 1994 Residential Manual		
	700)5	Alberta Minister's Guidelines*		
	700	06	M&S Marshall Valuation Service		
	701	10 /	ASSET MQS		
	701	11 /	Alberta 2001 Residential Manual		
	701	12 /	Alberta 2001 Metal Buildings Manual		
	720		City of Lethbridge Class Codes		
	720		City of Calgary Class Codes		
	720	D5 C	City of Edmonton Class Codes		
	720		A&S Commercial Estimator		
	720	07 (CAMALOT Custom Classification Codes		
			Nedicine Hat Custom Classification		
	720		Codes		
* /	Minister's Guidelines for a	the Assess	ment of Farm Land, Linear Property, Mac	hinery and Equipment.	
	nd Railway.				
	2				
3.	6.4 Assessment Proced	dure Code	S		
Fc	or each assessment, the	valuation p	rocedure used by the assessor must be r	eported using the	
CO	des in Table 12.				
Th	The procedures consist of the mass appraisal applications of the cost, sales comparison and income				
	approaches to value. The cost approach (code 7000) requires maintenance of computerized cost				
	schedules and equations, derivation of depreciation schedules from market data, and reconciliation of				
	st generated values with				
			on procedure, and automated comparable		
			pproach (code 7200) include developme	nt and use of income	
	ultipliers and overall rate		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
			ment contains a combination of any of the	e cost model, sales	
CO	mparison model or incor	me model.			

		Concordance Table		
Page		Proposed		Rationale
42-43 RnR	3.6.3 Cost Manual Codes The source of each improvement classification code must be reported. Generally, the source is a construction cost manual or an assessment manual. The codes in Table 6 must be used to report the source. A municipality that has developed custom classification codes can have its own assessment manual code added to the table by contacting the ASSET administrator.			Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.
		Table 6 Cost Manual Codes		
	Code	Description		
	7001	Alberta 1967 Assessment Manual		
	7002	Alberta 1979 Assessment Manual		
	7003	Alberta 1984 Assessment Manual		
	7004	Alberta 1994 Residential Manual		
	7005	Alberta Minister's Guidelines*		
	7006	M&S Marshall Valuation Service		
	7010	ASSET MQS		
	7011	Alberta 2001 Residential Manual		
	7012	Alberta 2001 Metal Buildings Manual		
	7203	City of Lethbridge Class Codes		
	7204	City of Calgary Class Codes		
	7205	City of Edmonton Class Codes		
	7206	M&S Commercial Estimator		
	7207	CAMALOT Custom Classification Codes		
		Medicine Hat Custom Classification		
	7208	Codes		
	* Minister's Guidelines for the As and Railway.	sessment of Farm Land, Linear Property, Mac	hinery and Equipment,	
	codes in Table 7. The procedures consist of the ma approaches to value. The cost ap schedules and equations, deriva- cost generated values with the m regression analysis, adaptive est	Codes ion procedure used by the assessor must be rease ass appraisal applications of the cost, sales co oproach (code 7000) requires maintenance of tion of depreciation schedules from market dat market. Sales comparison procedures (code 71) imation procedure, and automated comparable ome approach (code 7200) include development	mparison and income computerized cost a, and reconciliation of 00) include multiple e analysis. Mass	

Code 7300 must be used if an assessment contains a combination of any of the cost model, sales comparison model or income model.

Page	Original	Rationale
123 RnR	Table 12 Assessment Procedure Codes	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
44 RnR	Table 7 Assessment Procedure Codes	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
123 RnR	3.6.5 Condition Desirability and Utility (CDU) Rating For each improvement, the assessor must maintain a Condition Desirability and Utility (CDU) rating, and report the rating using the codes in Table 13. This rating system has been adopted from the Alberta assessment cost manuals.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
44 RnR	3.6.5 Condition Desirability and Utility (CDU) Rating For each improvement, the assessor must maintain a Condition Desirability and Utility (CDU) rating, and report the rating using the codes in Table 8. This rating system has been adopted from the Alberta assessment cost manuals.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
123 RnR	Table 13 CDU Ratings	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
44 RnR	Table 8 CDU Ratings	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
124 RnR	3.6.6 Inspection Types	Refer below.

	For each assessed property, the assessor must maintain the method and date of inspection and report the information using the codes in Table 14. The inspection type corresponds to the date that the property was last inspected.	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
45	3.6.6 Inspection Types	Updating reference to
RnR	For each assessed property, the assessor must maintain the method and date of inspection and report the information using the codes in Table 9. The inspection type corresponds to the date that the property was last inspected.	reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
124 RnR	Table 14 Inspection Types	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
45 RnR	Table 9 Inspection Types	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page		Origi	nal		Rationale
126	3.6.7 Unit of Measure				Refer below.
RnR	For each assessed property, the as linear measurement described in ' information using the codes in Ta	Table 3, CA		asure corresponding to the area or Definition, and report the	
		Table 15 U	Unit of Measure Codes		
		Code	Description		
		AC	acre		
		HA	hectare		
		SF	square foot		
		FF	front foot		
		SM	square metre		
		FM	front metre		
Page		Propo	sed		Rationale

			Concordance		
46	3.6.7 Unit of Measure		Updating reference to		
RnR	For each assessed property, the as linear measurement described in T information using the codes in Ta	reflect section reorganization within document.			
		Table 10 U	nit of Measure Codes		
		Code	Description]	
		AC	acre		
		HA	hectare		
		SF	square foot		
		FF	front foot		
		SM	square metre		
		FM	front metre		

Page		Original		Rationale
127	3.6.9 Revision Ty	pe		Refer below.
RnR	Revision Type is required In the initial reporting assessment submission If any changes to the and prior to the munic The revision code LC the liability code reco The revision code AN annexation made by a For reporting of any r	evisions to either submission, the revisio	ML File Detail Definition). and, if applicable, the supplementary ll be NA. er the annual audit stage 2 is complete, oll, the revision code must be PR. s necessary so that it corresponds with r roll has been updated to reflect an	
	Table 16 Revision Types			
	Code	Label	Description	
	NA	Not Applicable	Not applicable	

				1
	PR	Pre-Assessment Roll Change	Pre-roll changes after the annual audit stage 2, and prior to the municipality preparing the assessment roll.	
	LC	Liability code change	A change to a liability code so that it corresponds with the liability code on the assessment roll.	
	ANNEX	Update as per annexation O.C.	An update to the assessment roll information arising from an annexation order in council.	
	MGA305(1)	Assessor correction	Assessor correction of an error, omission or misdescription of roll information.	
	MGA305(2)	No assessment was prepared	No assessment was prepared.	
	MGA305(3)	Tax Status Change per s368	An exempt property became taxable or taxable property becomes exempt under section 368. Do not change the assessed value with this code. Use another appropriate code to change the value in a separate revision record.	
	MGA477	Decision of ARB	Decision of an assessment review board.	
	MGA517	Decision of MGB	Decision of the Municipal Government Board.	
Page		Proposed	Ĩ	Rationale
47 RnR				
	Code	Label	Description	
	NA	Not Applicable	Not applicable	

PR	Pre-Assessment Roll Change	Pre-roll changes after the annual audit stage 2, and prior to the municipality preparing the assessment roll.		
LC	Liability code change	A change to a liability code so that it corresponds with the liability code on the assessment roll.		
ANNEX	Update as per annexation O.C.	An update to the assessment roll information arising from an annexation order in council.		
MGA305(1)	Assessor correction	Assessor correction of an error, omission or misdescription of roll information.		
MGA305(2)	No assessment was prepared	No assessment was prepared.		
MGA305(3)	Tax Status Change per s368	An exempt property became taxable or taxable property becomes exempt under section 368. Do not change the assessed value with this code. Use another appropriate code to change the value in a separate revision record.		
MGA477	Decision of ARB	Decision of an assessment review board.		
MGA517	Decision of MGB	Decision of the Municipal Government Board.		

Page		Original		Rationale
127 RnR	LC	Liability code change	A change to a liability code so that it corresponds with the liability code on the assessment roll.	See below.
	ANNEX	Update as per annexation O.C.	An update to the assessment roll information arising from an annexation order in council.	
	MGA305(1)	Assessor correction	Assessor correction of an error, omission or misdescription of roll information.	
Page		Proposed		Rationale
47 RnR	LC	Liability code change	A change to a liability code so that it corresponds with the liability code on the assessment roll.	Rewording for clarity.
	ANNEX	Identifies that a property has been annexed to the municipality.	An update to the assessment roll information arising from an annexation order in council.	
	MGA305(1)	Assessor correction	Assessor correction of an error, omission or misdescription of roll information.	

Page Original	Rationale
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quipment rmation about machinery and equipment using the codes in the applicable oment Assessment Minister's Guidelines, and following the form and CAMA XML File Detail Definition. (A comprehensive list of codes is ery and equipment component view.) d of a standard set of seven codes that together are used with assessments ments for municipalities. The following are the components of the	Refer below.
oment Assessment Minister's Guidelines, and following the form and CAMA XML File Detail Definition. (A comprehensive list of codes is ery and equipment component view.) d of a standard set of seven codes that <u>together</u> are used with assessments ments for municipalities. The following are the components of the	
ments for municipalities. The following are the components of the	
ments for municipalities. The following are the components of the	
e Fype Percentage	
be assigned a liability code. In situations where a property has more than brate the assessment to each use and each of these assessments must be onents of the liability code. Additionally, a property that has more than (s) must have the assessment prorated to each tax status, and each of these gned the applicable components of the liability code. The components of tzed in Table 17, Provincial Liability Code Summary, and are explained is section. return, the assessor is required to assign the liability code to assessed ner described in this section. In turn, municipalities are required to record with assessor and report the information to the department. It is pality delegate to the assessor the duty of submitting the standard behalf of the municipality. gned by the assessor pursuant to section 303(f.1) may be in a form and the by the municipality to describe the standard provincial liability code.	
	Code Pype Percentage Code to be assigned a liability code. In situations where a property has more than borate the assessment to each use and each of these assessments must be onents of the liability code. Additionally, a property that has more than us) must have the assessment prorated to each tax status, and each of these gned the applicable components of the liability code. The components of ized in Table 17, Provincial Liability Code Summary, and are explained tis section. return, the assessor is required to assign the liability code to assessed ner described in this section. In turn, municipalities are required to record y the assessor and report the information to the department. It is ipality delegate to the assessor the duty of submitting the standard behalf of the municipality. gned by the assessor pursuant to section 303(f.1) may be in a form and te by the municipality to describe the standard provincial liability code.

Page	Proposed	Rationale
48 RnR	3.6.10 Machinery and Equipment	Updating reference to reflect section
	The assessor must report information about machinery and equipment using the codes in the applicable Alberta Machinery and Equipment Assessment Minister's Guidelines, and following the form and manner described in Table 20, CAMA XML File Detail Definition. (A comprehensive list of codes is available in ASSET's machinery and equipment component view.)	reorganization within document.
	Liability Code	
	The liability code is comprised of a standard set of seven codes that <u>together</u> are used with assessments to determine equalized assessments for municipalities. The following are the components of the liability code:	
	Property Description CodeTax Code	
	 Tax Exemption Code Assessed Person Code 	
	Requisitioning Body Type	
	Requisitioning Body PercentageRequisitioning Body Code	
	Every assessed property must be assigned a liability code. In situations where a property has more than one use, the assessor must prorate the assessment to each use and each of these assessments must be assigned the applicable components of the liability code. Additionally, a property that has more than one type of tax levy (tax status) must have the assessment prorated to each tax status, and each of these assessments must also be assigned the applicable components of the liability code. The components of the liability code are summarized in Table 12, Provincial Liability Code Summary, and are explained	
	in further detail throughout this section. For the purpose of the annual return, the assessor is required to assign the liability code to assessed	
	property in the form and manner described in this section. In turn, municipalities are required to record the liability codes assigned by the assessor and report the information to the department. It is	
	recommended that the municipality delegate to the assessor the duty of submitting the standard provincial liability codes on behalf of the municipality.	

Note: The liability code assigned by the assessor pursuant to section 303(f.1) may be in a form and	
manner considered appropriate by the municipality to describe the standard provincial liability code.	
Municipalities are not required to record the standard provincial liability code on the assessment roll.	

Page	Original	Rationale
128 RnR	Note: The liability code assigned by the assessor pursuant to section 303(f.1) may be in a form and manner considered appropriate by the municipality to describe the standard provincial liability code. Municipalities are not required to record the standard provincial liability code on the assessment roll.	See below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
48 RnR	Deleted	Removed as <i>MGA</i> , Section 303(f.1) has been repealed. This section was repealed. It was deemed the code appearing on the assessment roll is unnecessary because it is not meaningful to property owners.

Page			Original				F	Rationale
129-	Table 17 Provincial Liability Code Summary							Refer
130 RnR	Property Description Code (see Table 18)	<i>Tax Code</i> (see Table 19)	Tax Exemption Code (see Table 20.)	Assessed Person Code (see Table 22)	Requisitioning Body Type Code (see Table 23)	Requisitioning Body Percentage	Requisitioning Body Code	below.
	R Residential	T Subject to all Requisitions	NAA	C Corporation	SS Separate School	School Separate % of assessment	A requisitioning body code is a	
	F Farm land	S Subject to School and Other Requisitions	MGA317(d)	M Municipal	SP Public School	School Public % of assessment	unique code that identifies each	

	NR Non-Residential	G Grant in Place of Taxes	MGA351(1)(b)	P Provincial Crown in Right of Alberta	SU School Undeclared (ASFF)	School Undeclared (ASFF) % of assessment	requisitioning body. Municipalities	
	NRL Non-Residential – Linear (primary code, see Table 18)	E Exempt from Taxation	MGA361(b)-(c)	F Federal Crown in Right of Canada	F Management Body (providing lodges)	Management Body (providing lodges) must default to 100%	must contact the department to obtain the relevant codes for their	
	NRR Non-Residential - Railway	EI The exempt incremental portion of the assessment	MGA362(1)(a)-(p)	I Individual			municipality.	
ľ	Generation	X Excluded from equalized, but subject to Municipal Tax	MGA363(1)(a)-(c)					
	ME Machinery and Equipment	N Inactive	MGA364(1)-(1.1)					
ſ			MGA365(2)					
			MGA368(4)(a)					
			MO-H:016/96	-				
			WO-11.010/20	-				
			AR 281/98 Community Organization Prop Tax Exemption Reg.					
			UNSA (Unsubsidized non-profit seniors' accommodation exempted by Ministerial Order)					
			AR232/2006 Rivers District CRL area–City of Calgary					
			AR57/2010 Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton					

-				5				
			AR173/2010 Quarters Downtown CRL area–City of Edn	nonton				
			AR204/2012 Town of Cochrane CRL					
			AR141/2013 Capital City Downtown CRL-City of Edm	ionton				
			GIPOT (Grant in Place of Taxes)					
	*Optional							
Page			Proposed					Rationale
49-50 RnR	Note: This tab between each d	le provides an overview of th	Sable 12 Provincial Liability Code e seven liability coding component	-	not intended	l to illustrate	linkages	Updating reference to reflect section reorganizatio n within
	Property Description Code (see Table 13)	Tax Code (see Table 14.)	Tax Exemption Code (see Appendix G)	Assessed Person Code (see Table 16)	Requisitioning Body Type Code (see Table 17)	Requisitioning Body Percentage (see Table 18)	Requisitioning Body Code	correction.
	R Residential	T Subject to all Requisitions	NAA	C Corporation	SS Separate School	School Separate % of assessment	A requisitioning body code is a	Removed NRR and added
	F Farm land	S Subject to School and Other Requisitions	MGA317(d)	M Municipal	SP Public School	School Public % of assessment	that identifies each	ASCHER to reflect changes to
	NR Non-Residential	G Grant in Place of Taxes	MGA351(1)(b)	P Provincial Crown in Right of Alberta	SU School Undeclared (ASFF)	School Undeclared (ASFF) % of assessment	requisitioning body.	the MGA.
			Page 24 of 69					

NRL Non-Residenti Linear (primary code, Table 13)	see Exempt from Taxation	MGA361(b)-(c)	F Federal Crown in Right of Canada	F Management Body (providing lodges)	Management Body (providing lodges) must default to 100%	Municipalities must contact the department to obtain the relevant codes	Provides clarity
NRC Non-Residenti Co-Generatio		MGA362(1)(a)-(p)	I Individual			for their municipality.	
ME Machinery an Equipment	to Municipal Tax	MGA363(1)(a)-(c)					
	N Inactive	MGA364(1)-(1.1)					
		MGA365(2)					
		MGA368(4)(a)					
		MO-H:016/96					
		AR 281/98 Community Organization Prop Tax Exemption Reg.					
		UNSA (Unsubsidized non-profit seniors' accommodation exempted by Ministerial Order)					
		AR232/2006 Rivers District CRL area–City of Calgary					
		AR57/2010 Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton					
		AR173/2010 Quarters Downtown CRL area–City of Edmonton					

	AR204/2012 Town of Cochrane CRL	
	AR141/2013 Capital City Downtown CRL-City of Edmonton	
	GIPOT (Grant in Place of Taxes)	
	ASCHER (Alberta Social Housing Regulation AR 258/2017)	
*Optional	·	

Page	Original	Rationale
131 RnR	Property Description Code The property description codes R, F, NR and ME represent the assessment classes described in section 297 of the Act. The codes NRL, NRR and NRC refer to specific non-residential properties that must be reported separately for equalized assessment purposes. Every assessed property must have, at minimum, one property description code. When an assessed	Refer below.
	property has more than one use, the assessor must allocate the portion of the property's assessment that is attributable to each use, and assign the applicable property description code(s) to each assessment (see Table 25, Examples of Provincial Liability Code Applications). The information must be recorded and reported using the codes in Table 18.	

	Table 18 Property Description Codes	
R	Residential – has the meaning given in section $297(4)(c)$ of the MGA.	
F	Farm land – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(a) of the MGA.	
	Non-residential – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(b) of the MGA.	
NR	Note: This code does not apply to linear property, railway right of way (assessed using the Railway Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines) or non-linear co-generation. These properties must be coded as NRL, NRR or NRC, as outlined below.	
	Non-residential linear property is a sub-category of non-residential.	
	Linear property – has the meaning given in section 284(1)(k) of the MGA.	
NRL	NRL is the primary code that will be applied to all linear property. It will precede a secondary code that will be used to identify specific categories of linear properties described below:	
NRL-T	Non-residential linear property – telecommunications	
NRL-PGEN	Non-residential linear property – electric power generation	
NRL-EPS	Non-residential linear property – power systems	
NRL-P	Non-residential linear property – pipeline	
NRL-W	Non-residential linear property – wells	
NRL-C	Non-residential linear property - cable	
NRL-GDP	Non-residential linear property – gas distribution system	
	Non-residential railway is a sub-category of non-residential.	
	Sections 284(1)(s), (t) and (v) of the MGA describe types of railway property.	
NRR	Note: Apply the property description code NR to all trackage and other improvements located outside of a railway right-of-way as these properties are not included in the definition of railway property in the MGA .	
	Non-residential co-generating is a sub-category of non-residential.	
NRC	Non-residential co-generating is property that is assessed by the local municipal assessor. The NRC code would not be applied to any linear property electric power system. The NRC code would be applied to a	;

		system that is owned or operated by a person generating electricity solely for the facility's own use and that does not sell power into the provincial grid system.	
	ME	Machinery and equipment – has the meaning given to it in section $297(4)(a.1)$ of the <i>MGA</i> and the Regulation.	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
51 BpB	Property De	escription Code	Updating reference to reflect section
RnR	The property of section 297 of that must be re	reorganization within document.	
	Every assessed property has m that is attributa assessment (se must be record	To reflect the change in the <i>MGA</i> .	
	R	Residential – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(c) of the MGA.	
	F	Earn land has the mapping given in section $207(4)(a)$ of the MCA	
	-	Farm land – has the meaning given in section $297(4)(a)$ of the MGA.	
		Farm rand – has the meaning given in section $297(4)(a)$ of the MGA.Non-residential – has the meaning given in section $297(4)(b)$ of the MGA.	
	NR		
		 Non-residential – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(b) of the <i>MGA</i>. Note: This code does not apply to linear property, railway right of way (assessed using the Railway Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines) or non-linear co-generation. 	
		 Non-residential – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(b) of the <i>MGA</i>. Note: This code does not apply to linear property, railway right of way (assessed using the Railway Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines) or non-linear co-generation. These properties must be coded as NRL, NRR or NRC, as outlined below. 	
		Non-residential – has the meaning given in section 297(4)(b) of the MGA.Note: This code does not apply to linear property, railway right of way (assessed using the Railway Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines) or non-linear co-generation. These properties must be coded as NRL, NRR or NRC, as outlined below.Non-residential linear property is a sub-category of non-residential.	

NRL-PGEN	Non-residential linear property – electric power generation	
NRL-EPS	Non-residential linear property – power systems	
NRL-P	Non-residential linear property – pipeline	
NRL-W	Non-residential linear property – wells	
NRL-C	Non-residential linear property - cable	
NRL-GDP	Non-residential linear property – gas distribution system	
	Non-residential railway is a sub-category of non-residential.	
	Sections 284(1)(j) of the MGA describe types of railway property.	
NRL-RL	Note: Apply the property description code NR to all trackage and other improvements located outside of a railway right-of-way as these properties are not included in the definition of railway property in the MGA .	
	Non-residential co-generating is a sub-category of non-residential.	
NRC	Non-residential co-generating is property that is assessed by the local municipal assessor. The NRC code would not be applied to any linear property electric power system. The NRC code would be applied to a system that is owned or operated by a person generating electricity solely for the facility's own use and that does not sell power into the provincial grid system.	
ME	Machinery and equipment – has the meaning given to it in section $297(4)(a.1)$ of the <i>MGA</i> and the Regulation.	

Page	Original	Rationale
132 RnR	Tax Code	Refer below.
	The tax code identifies the type of tax levy (tax status) that is applied to an assessed property and whether the assessed property, in whole or in part, is included in the equalized assessment.	
	Every assessed property must have, at minimum, one tax code. When an assessed property has more than one type of tax levy or if the assessment is only partially included in the equalized assessment, the assessor must allocate the portion of the property's assessment that is attributable to each type of tax levy, and assign the applicable tax code(s) to each assessment (see Table 25, Examples of Provincial Liability Code Applications). The information must be reported using the codes in Table 19.	

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	Code		
	Т	Identifies property that is subject to municipal tax levies and requisitions referred to in section 326 of the <i>MGA</i> . These properties are included in the municipality's equalized assessment.	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
52 RnR	The tax co whether the Every assist than one t assessor m levy, and	Tax Code The tax code identifies the type of tax levy (tax status) that is applied to an assessed property and whether the assessed property, in whole or in part, is included in the equalized assessment. Every assessed property must have, at minimum, one tax code. When an assessed property has more than one type of tax levy or if the assessment is only partially included in the equalized assessment, the assessor must allocate the portion of the property's assessment that is attributable to each type of tax levy, and assign the applicable tax code(s) to each assessment (see Table 19, Examples of Provincial Liability Code Applications). The information must be reported using the codes in Table 14.	
	Code T		

Page		Original	Rationale
132- 133 RnR	G	Grant in place of taxes. Identifies property on which a grant in place of taxes is paid. These properties are included in the property's equalized assessment. This code should not be used for properties where the provincial GIPOT is paid.	Refer below.
	E	Exempt from taxation. Identifies property that is assessable but is exempt from taxation. These properties are excluded from the municipality's equalized assessment. Note: When the tax code 'E' is assigned to a property, then the applicable tax exemption code must also be assigned.	

	EI	Identifies properties or parts of properties located in an area designated as a Community Revitalization Levy (CRL) area, which were exempt from taxation as at December 31 in the year prior to the year the CRL bylaw comes into effect. The "EI" code is assigned to the entire assessed value of an exempt property and a value of zero is assigned to the corresponding baseline. The applicable CRL regulation number must be assigned.	
	X	 Excluded from equalized assessment, but subject to municipal tax or to a Community Revitalization Levy. Identifies property that is subject to municipal tax but is exempt from the equalized assessment. Note: When tax code 'X' is assigned to a property, then an applicable tax exemption corresponding to section 317(d) of the <i>MGA</i>, Ministerial Order H:016/96 or UNSA (unsubsidized non-profit seniors' accommodation exempted by Ministerial Order), must also be assigned. This code should be used for provincial GIPOT properties. 	
	Ν	Inactive Identifies property that was submitted with the annual return using any of the other tax codes and has since become inactive as a result of a revision or an annexation.	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
52-53 RnR	G	Grant in place of taxes. Identifies that the property is eligible for a payment in place of lieu (PILT) from the Crown in Right of Canada. Property eligible for PILT is included in the preparation of equalized assessments. IMPORTANT: Tax code "G" must not be assigned to property that is held by the Crown in Right of Alberta See tax code "X" for additional information.	To provide clarity.
	E	Exempt from taxation. Identifies property that is assessable but is exempt from taxation. These properties are excluded from the municipality's equalized assessment. Note: When the tax code 'E' is assigned to a property, then the applicable tax exemption code must also be assigned.	
	EI	 Exempt Incremental assessment Identifies properties or parts of properties located in an area designated as a Community Revitalization Levy (CRL) area, which were exempt from taxation as at December 31 in the year prior to the year the CRL bylaw comes into effect. The "EI" code is assigned to the entire assessed value of an exempt property and a value of zero is assigned to the corresponding baseline. The applicable CRL regulation number must be assigned. Note: When tax code "EI" is assigned to property then the appropriate CRL exemption reason code must be assigned to the property. The CRL exemption reason codes will refer to the municipality's applicable CRL regulation. 	

	Excluded from equalized assessment, but subject to municipal tax or to a Community Revitalization Levy.	
	Identifies that property is subject to only the municipal tax levy but is exempt from paying education property tax and the seniors lodge requisition.	
	Listed below are some types of property that tax code "X" would apply to:	
X	 Student dormitories made taxable through bylaw, Property held by the Crown in Right of Alberta that is eligible for a grant in place of municipal property tax as authorized under the <i>Municipal Government Act</i>, Seniors self-contained property that is excluded from the equalized assessment by Ministerial Order. See Ministerial Orders at http://www.municipalaffairs.gov.ab.ca/mc_property_assessment_and_taxation_legislation The incremental assessment of a property that is located within a community revitalization levy area and is subject to the community revitalization levy 	
	Note: When tax code 'X' is assigned to a property, then the applicable tax exemption reason code, as listed in Appendix G, must also be assigned to the property.	
	Inactive	
N	Identifies property that was submitted with the annual return using any of the other tax codes and has since become inactive as a result of a revision or an annexation.	

Page		Original	Rationale
133 RnR			Refer below.
		Municipal Government Act	
	326(1)	In this Part,	
		(a) "requisition" means	
		(i) repealed 1995 c24 s45,	
		(ii) any part of the amount required to be paid into the Alberta School Foundation Fund under section 174 of the <i>School Act</i> that is raised by imposing a rate referred to in section 174 of the <i>School Act</i> ,	
		(iii) any part of the requisition of school boards under Part 6, Division 3 of the School Act, or	
	317	(iv) repealed 2008 cE-6.6 s55,(v) the amount required to be paid to a management body under section 7 of the Alberta Housing Act;In this Division, "equalized assessment" means an assessment that is prepared by the Minister in accordance with this Division for an entire municipality and reflects	
		(a) assessments of property in the municipality that is taxable under Part 10,	
		(b) repealed 2016 c24 s46, (c) assessments of property in the municipality in respect of which a grant may be paid by the Crown in right of Canada under the <i>Municipal Grants Act</i> (Canada),	

		(d) assessments of property in the municipality made taxable or exempt as a result of a council passing a bylaw under Part 10, except any property made taxable under section 363(1)(d), and	
		(e) assessments of property in the municipality that is the subject of a tax agreement under section 333.1 or 360, from the year preceding the year in which the equalized assessment is effective.	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
53 RnR			To reflect the change in the MGA.
		Municipal Government Act	
	326(1)	In this Part,	Needed to bring
		(a) "requisition" means	317(c) down into its
		(i) repealed 1995 c24 s45,	own line.
		(ii) any part of the amount required to be paid into the Alberta School Foundation Fund under section 174 of the School Act that is raised by imposing a rate referred to in section 174 of the School Act,	
		(iii) any part of the requisition of school boards under Part 6, Division 3 of the School Act, or	
		 (iv) repealed 2008 cE-6.6 s55, (v) the amount required to be paid to a management body under section 7 of the Alberta Housing Act; (vi) the amount required to recover the costs incurred for matters related to (A) the assessment of designed industrial property, and (B) any other matters related to the provincial assessor's operations; 	
	317	In this Division, "equalized assessment" means an assessment that is prepared by the Minister in accordance with this Division for an entire municipality and reflects	
		(a) assessments of property in the municipality that is taxable under Part 10,	
		(b) repealed 2016 c24 s46,	
		(c) assessments of property in the municipality in respect of which a grant may be paid by the Crown in right of Canada under the <i>Municipal Grants Act</i> (Canada),	
		(d) assessments of property in the municipality made taxable or exempt as a result of a council passing a bylaw under Part 10, except any property made taxable under section 363(1)(d), and	
		(e) assessments of property in the municipality that is the subject of a tax agreement under section 333.1 or 360, from the year preceding the year in which the equalized assessment is effective.	

Page

Original

Rationale

	Concordance Table				
133 RnR	Tax Exemption Code		Refer below.		
	Every assessed property, including taxable property, must be assigned a tax exemption code. If an assessed property has been assigned more than one property description code or more than one tax code, then an applicable tax exemption code must be applied to each. The information must be reported using the codes listed in Table 20 Tax Exemption Codes. The codes cite the legal authority that exempts property from taxation or the equalized assessment. Users should consult the applicable legal authority for the purposes of interpretation and application.	As per the CAMA Data Load – XML file specifications, the tax exemption codes are mandatory in ASSET. The following applies: Taxable properties: All taxable properties must be assigned the "NAA" exemption code. Exempt properties All exempt properties must have the applicable exemption code from Table 19 assigned.			
Page	Proposed		Rationale		
54 RnR	Tax Exemption Code Every assessed property, including taxable property, must be assigned a tax exemption code. If an assessed property has been assigned more than one property description code or more than one tax code, then an applicable tax exemption code must be applied to each. The information must be reported using the codes listed in Appendix G, Tax Exemption Codes. The codes cite the legal authority that exempts property from taxation or the equalized assessment. Users should consult the applicable legal authority for the purposes of interpretation and application.	As per the CAMA Data Load – XML file specifications, the tax exemption codes are mandatory in ASSET. The following applies: Taxable properties: All taxable properties must be assigned the "NAA" exemption code. Exempt properties All exempt properties must have the applicable exemption code from Appendix G assigned.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.		

Page	Original	Rationale
134- 139 RnR	Table 20 Tax Exemption Codes	Refer below.

Page	Proposed	Rationale
174-	Table 20 Tax Exemption Codes moved to Appendix G	Improves readability.
179		
RnR		

Page		Original		Rationale
140-	Tax Exemption Codes for Lloydminster			Refer below.
141 RnR	The following p			
	Definition	Exemption Description	Exemption Reason Code (required)	
	Exempt from taxation	designated manufactured homes unless Council passes a bylaw pursuant to section 404;	TLC462(1)(b)	
Page		Proposed		Rationale
54-55 RnR	Tax Exemptio The following p	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.		
	Definition	Exemption Description	Exemption Reason Code (required)	
	Exempt from taxation	designated manufactured homes unless Council passes a bylaw pursuant to section 404;	TLC462(1)(b)	

Page	Original	Rationale
142 RnR	Assessed Person Code	Refer below.
	The assessed person code is used to group the assessed persons (described in section 304 of the <i>Act</i>) and the assessments that correspond to each assessed person into specific categories for the purpose of preparing the equalized assessment. The specific categories of assessed persons also enable a municipality to charge a special school tax levy should one be authorized through a plebiscite. The assessor is required to assign only one assessed person code to each assessed property and the	

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	informatio	Concordance Table on must be reported following the Assessed Person Codes in Table 22. Note: Property must	
		as 'C' when the assessed person for a property is both an individual and a corporation.	
		Table 22 Assessed Person Codes	
	Code	Description	
	С	Corporation This code indicates that a corporation is recorded as the assessed person. A corporation is a body incorporated or registered under the <i>Business Corporations Act</i> .	
	М	Municipal This code indicates that the municipality is recorded as the assessed person.	
	Р	Provincial This code indicates that the Crown in right of Alberta is recorded as the assessed person.	
	F	Federal This code indicates that the Crown in right of Canada is recorded as the assessed person.	
	Ι	Individual This code indicates that the assessed person is not a corporation, municipality, or Crown in right of Alberta or Canada.	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
i6 RnR	Assesse	d Person Code	Updating reference to reflect section
	and the as preparing municipal assessor is information	sed person code is used to group the assessed persons (described in section 304 of the <i>Act</i>) assessments that correspond to each assessed person into specific categories for the purpose of the equalized assessment. The specific categories of assessed persons also enable a lity to charge a special school tax levy should one be authorized through a plebiscite. The s required to assign only one assessed person code to each assessed property and the on must be reported following the Assessed Person Codes in Table 16. Note: Property must as 'C' when the assessed person for a property is both an individual and a corporation.	reorganization within document.
		Table 16 Assessed Person Codes	
	Code	Description	
	C	Corporation This code indicates that a corporation is recorded as the assessed person. A corporation is a body incorporated or registered under the <i>Business Corporations Act</i> .	

P Provincial This code indicates that the Crown in right of Alberta is recorded as the assessed person. F Federal This code indicates that the Crown in right of Canada is recorded as the assessed person. I Individual This code indicates that the assessed person is not a corporation, municipality, or Crown in right of Alberta or Canada.		This code indicates that the municipality is recorded as the assessed person.
F This code indicates that the Crown in right of Canada is recorded as the assessed person. Individual Individual I This code indicates that the assessed person is not a corporation, municipality, or Crown	Р	
I This code indicates that the assessed person is not a corporation, municipality, or Crown	F	
	I	This code indicates that the assessed person is not a corporation, municipality, or Crown

ge		Original	Rationale
143	Requisiti	ioning Body Type	Refer below.
ζ	The requis	itioning body type identifies:	
	-	particular school support category, and	
		type of requisitioning body area.	
		for must assign the following requisitioning body types, where applicable, for each assessed nd report the information using the codes in Table 23.	
	• sep	parate school district,	
	• pul	blic school district,	
	• uno		
	• ma		
		Table 23 Requisitioning Body Type Codes	
	Code	Description	
	SS	School Separate identifies the requisitioning body as a separate school district .	
	SS SP	School Separate identifies the requisitioning body as a separate school district. School Public identifies the requisitioning body as a public school district.	
	SP	School Public identifies the requisitioning body as a public school district .	

57 RnR	The requise the the the The assess pro sep put unc	oning Body Type itioning body type identifies: particular school support category, and type of requisitioning body area. or must assign the following requisitioning body types, where applicable, for each assessed operty and report the information using the codes in Table 17. parate school district, blic school district, declared school, and nagement body providing lodge accommodation.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.
		Table 17 Requisitioning Body Type Codes	
	Code	Description	
	SS	School Separate identifies the requisitioning body as a separate school district .	
	SP	School Public identifies the requisitioning body as a public school district .	
	SU	School Undeclared identifies the requisitioning body as undeclared school (ASFF) .	
	F	Identifies the requisitioning body as a management body providing lodge accommodation .	

Page	Original	Rationale
144 Dx D	Requisition Body Percentage	Refer below.
RnR	 The requisitioning body percentage is used to: (a) allocate a property's assessment into public, separate, and/or undeclared school support categories, and (b) allocate a property's assessment to specific requisitioning body types. The assessor must assign the percentage of school support to a property's assessment and report the information in the manner described in Table 24. Note: The total school percentage for a property must always equal 100%. The assessor must always assign 100 percent as the percentage to a management body providing seniors lodge accommodation. 	

		Table 24 Requisitioning Body Percentage	
Code	Percentage	Description	7
ss		School Separate Is the portion, as a percentage, of a property's assessment that is declared, in accordance with the <i>School Act</i> , for separate school purposes for individuals of the Roman Catholic faith, or for corporations that have provided written notice of school support, and	,
		Proposed	Rationale
Requis	ition Body P	ercentage	Updating reference to
-			reflect section reorganization within document.
allocate	a property's as	sessment to specific requisitioning body types.	
informat	ion in the man	ner described in Table 18. Note: The total school percentage for a property	
The asse	essor must alwa	ays assign 100 percent as the percentage to a management body providing	
		Table 18 Requisitioning Body Percentage	
Code	Percentage	Description	
ss		School Separate Is the portion, as a percentage, of a property's assessment that is declared, in accordance with the School Act, for separate school purposes for individuals of the Roman Catholic faith, or for corporations that have provided written notice of school support, and (c) where both a Roman Catholic separate school district and a Public school district exists or (d) where both a Protestant separate school district and a Public school district exists. 	
	SS Requise The require allocate and allocate The asse informat must alw The asse seniors 1	SS Requisition Body Performation Body Performation The requisitioning body allocate a property's as and allocate a property's as The assessor must assign formation in the man must always equal 100 The assessor must always equal 100 The assesterm equal 100 <td>Code Percentage Description School Separate Is the portion, as a percentage, of a property's assessment that is declared, in accordance with the School Act, for separate school purposes for individuals of the Roman Catholic faith, or for corporations that have provided written notice of school support, and</td>	Code Percentage Description School Separate Is the portion, as a percentage, of a property's assessment that is declared, in accordance with the School Act, for separate school purposes for individuals of the Roman Catholic faith, or for corporations that have provided written notice of school support, and

Page

Original

Rationale

146 RnR	Table 25 Examples of Liability Code Application	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
59 RnR	Table 19 Examples of Liability Code Application	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
147 RnR	The tax code, property description code and exemption reason codes are components of the liability code. More Information on these codes can be found in section 3.6.11 of this manual.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
60 RnR	The tax code, property description code and exemption reason codes are components of the liability code. More Information on these codes can be found in the tables and appendixes of this manual.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
148- 149 RnR	<i>Incremental assessment:</i> To distinguish incremental assessments from the baseline, the assessor must assign the tax code "X" to the incremental assessed value of each taxable property, or "EI" to each property that is exempt from taxation (Table 18). The assessor must also assign the CRL regulation number (the Tax Exemption Reason Code - Table 19) to the incremental portion of the assessment.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
61-62 RnR	<i>Incremental assessment:</i> To distinguish incremental assessments from the baseline, the assessor must assign the tax code "X" to the incremental assessed value of each taxable property, or "EI" to each	Updating reference to reflect section

property that is exempt from taxation (Table 13). The assessor must also assign the CRL regulation number (the Tax Exemption Reason Code – Appendix G) to the incremental portion of the assessment.	reorganization within document.
	Corrected reference

Page		Original	Rationale
159 RnR		Municipal Government Act	Refer below.
	Sectio	on 284(1)(d)	
	"asses	ssor" means a person who has the qualifications set out in the regulations and	
	(i) (ii)	is designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor under this <i>Act</i> , or is appointed by a municipality to the position of designated officer to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor under this <i>Act</i> ,	
	and ir (ii);	ncludes any person to whom those duties and responsibilities are delegated by the person referred to in subclause (i) or	
	Section	on 210	
		uncil may by bylaw establish one or more positions to carry out the powers, duties and functions designated officer under this or any other enactment or bylaw.	
		Qualifications of Assessor Regulation:	
	2	No person is eligible to be an assessor within the meaning of section 284(1)(d) of the Act unless the person	
		(a) is registered as an accredited municipal assessor of Alberta (AMAA) under the <i>Municipal Assessor Regulation</i> (AR 84/94),	
		(b) holds the designation Certified Assessment Evaluator (CAE) issued by the International Association of Assessing Officers,	
		(c) holds the designation Accredited Appraiser Canadian Institute (AACI) issued by the Appraisal Institute of	
		Canada, or(d) has qualifications or experience or a combination of qualifications and experience that, in the opinion of the Minister, is equivalent to one or more of the qualifications referred to in clauses (a) to (c).	
		Each municipality shall, not later than April 1 each year, provide to the Minister a list showing the names of all ns carrying out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor under the <i>Act</i> on behalf of the municipality, together with adifications held by each such person.	

Page	Proposed	Rationale
73 RnR	Municipal Government Act	To reflect changes in the <i>MGA</i> .
	Section 284(1)(d)	
	"assessor" means	
	(i) the provincial assessor, or	
	(ii) a municipal assessor,	
	and includes any person to whom those duties and responsibilities are delegated by the person referred to in subclause (i) or (ii);	
	Section 210	
	A council may by bylaw establish one or more positions to carry out the powers, duties and functions of a designated officer under this or any other enactment or bylaw.	
	Qualifications of Assessor Regulation:	
	2 No person is eligible to be an assessor within the meaning of section 284(1)(d) of the <i>Act</i> unless the person	
	 (a) is registered as an accredited municipal assessor of Alberta (AMAA) under the <i>Municipal Assessor Regulation</i> (AR 84/94), (b) holds the designation Cartified Assessment Evolution (CAE) issued by the International Association of 	
	 (b) holds the designation Certified Assessment Evaluator (CAE) issued by the International Association of Assessing Officers, 	
	(c) holds the designation Accredited Appraiser Canadian Institute (AACI) issued by the Appraisal Institute of Canada, or	
	 (d) has qualifications or experience or a combination of qualifications and experience that, in the opinion of the Minister, is equivalent to one or more of the qualifications referred to in clauses (a) to (c). 	
	3 Each municipality shall, not later than April 1 each year, provide to the Minister a list showing the names of all persons carrying out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor under the <i>Act</i> on behalf of the municipality, together with the qualifications held by each such person.	

Page		Original	Rationale
161 RnR	Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs	Annual Return Declaration Appointed Assessor	Refer below.
Page		Proposed	Rationale
75 RnR	Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs	Form 1 - Annual Return Declaration Appointed Assessor	Improves readability.

Page		Original	Rationale
162	Government of Alberta	Supplementary Assessment Declaration	Refer below.
RnR	Municipal Affairs	Appointed Assessor	
Page		Proposed	Rationale
76	Government of Alberta	Form 2 - Supplementary Assessment	Improves readability.
RnR	Municipal Affairs	Declaration Appointed Assessor	

Page		Original	Rationale
163 RnR	Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs	Assessment Revisions Declaration Appointed Assessor	Refer below.
Page		Proposed Rat	ionale
77 RnR	Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs	Form 3 - Assessment Revisions Declaration Appointed Assessor	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
164 RnR	REPORTING LINEAR PROPERTY ASSESSMENTS	Refer below.
	The assessor designated by the Minister must prepare the assessment for linear property. The assessor designated by the Minister must also prepare assessment notices for all linear property and send copies of the assessment notices to the applicable municipality. Each municipality must then record this information on the assessment roll in the assessment notices. For the purposes of equalized assessments, the linear property assessor will report a summary of the linear property assessments annually to the Minister. A municipality may include a summary of the linear property assessments in their annual return, but this information will not be used to prepare the equalized assessment. If there are any concerns or questions about the information reported by the linear property assessor, the municipality should contact the Linear Property Assessment Unit of Alberta Municipal Affairs.	
	Linear Property Assessor's Declaration	
	As part of the Annual Audit, the assessor designated by the Minister must complete an Annual Declaration. An example of a linear property assessor's declaration form is provided on the following page.	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
78-79 RnR	6.0 REPORTING DESIGNATED INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENTS	To reflect the change in the <i>MGA</i> .
	The assessor designated by the Minister must prepare the assessment for designated industrial property. The assessor designated by the Minister must also prepare assessment notices for all designated industrial property and send copies of the assessment notices to the applicable municipality. Each municipality must then record this information on the assessment roll in the assessment notices.	
	For the purposes of equalized assessments, the designated industrial property assessor will report a summary of the designated industrial property assessments annually to the Minister. A municipality may include a summary of the designated industrial property assessments in their annual return, but this information will not be used to prepare the equalized assessment. If there are any concerns or	

Concordance Table	
questions about the information reported by the designated industrial property assessor, the municipality should contact the Designated Industrial Property Assessment Unit of Alberta Municipal Affairs.	
Designated Industrial Property Assessor's Declaration	
As part of the Annual Audit, the assessor designated by the Minister must complete an Annual Declaration. An example of a designated industrial property assessor's declaration form is provided on the following page.	
Designated Industrial properties include the linear properties that have been assessed by the provincial assessor as well as non-linear properties that are designated industrial properties as described in section $284(1)(f.01)$ of the <i>MGA</i> .	
Details of the designated industrial property assessments will be reported using the codes specified in this manual.	
6.1 Reporting Linear Property Assessments	
The assessor designated by the Minister must prepare the assessment and assessment notices for all linear property and send copies of the assessment notices to the applicable municipality. Each municipality must then record this information on the assessment roll in the assessment notices.	
For the purposes of equalized assessments, the linear property assessor will report a summary of the linear property assessments annually to the Minister. A municipality may include a summary of the linear property assessments in their annual return, but this information will not be used to prepare the equalized assessment. If there are any concerns or questions about the information reported by the linear property assessor, the municipality should contact the Linear Property Assessment Unit of Alberta Municipal Affairs.	
6.2 Reporting NON-LINEAR DESIGNATED INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENTS	
The assessor designated by the Minister must prepare the assessment for designated industrial property (DI property). The assessor designated by the Minister must also prepare assessment notices for all DI properties and send copies of the assessment notices to the applicable property owner.	

For the purposes of equalized assessments, the DI property assessor will report details of the DI	
property assessments annually to the Minister with the Audit Submission Types DANN for DIP	
Annual, DRAN for DIP Revised Annual, DSUP for DIP Supplementary, and DRSP for DIP Revised	
Supplementary. If there are any concerns or questions about the information reported by the DI	
property assessor, the municipality should contact the Centralized Industrial Property Assessment	
(CIPA) Unit of Alberta Municipal Affairs.	
6.3 Designated Industrial Property Assessor's Declaration	
As part of the Annual Audit, the assessor designated by the Minister must complete an Annual	
Declaration. An example of a Designated Industrial property assessor's declaration form is provided	
on the following page.	

Page	Original	Rationale
165 RnR	Government of Alberta Annual Declaration Municipal Affairs	Refer below.
	In connection with the preparation of the linear property assessments for the assessment year ending December 31,, I confirm that I have done the following to the best of my knowledge and belief:	
	LEGISLATION	
	1. The duties and responsibilities of the assessor designated by the Minister in preparing linear propert assessments have been carried out in accordance with the <i>Municipal Government Act</i> .	
	 The information submitted for the equalized assessment is the linear property information requested or municipalities under section 319 (1) of the <i>Municipal Government Act</i>, and includes information pursuar to the Extension of Linear Property Regulation and the Electric Energy Generation Exemption Regulation. 	
	QUALIFICATIONS OF ASSESSOR	

-					
1. The provisions of t	he Qualifications of <i>i</i>	Assessor F	Regulation have been met.		
2. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is liste below.				d	
Assessor Name	Title		AACI		
		CAE	Equivalency as per the Qualific	ations of Assessor Regulatio	
				tion, and the applicabl	
Designated Assessor Name		Signature		Date	
	Prop	osed			Rationale
Government of Albe Municipal Affairs	rta 🗖		Form 4 - A Designated I	ndustrial Propert	Improves readability. To reflect the rchange in the <i>MGA</i> .
In connection with the preparation of the designated industrial property assessments for the assessment year ending December 31, , I confirm that I have done the following to the best of my knowledge and belief: LEGISLATION					Although Railway is now part of Linear, both Ministers' Guidelines are still in use. As
					such, both need to be referenced.
	 The person designate below. Assessor Name ASSESSMENT OF LINE The assessment of accordance with the Alberta Linear Proposition of Alberta Linear Proposition of the Alberta Linear Proposition of the Alberta Linear Proposition of Alberta Linear Proposition of the Alberta Linear Proposition of the	2. The person designated by the Minister the below. Assessor Name Title ASSESSMENT OF LINEAR PROPERTY 1. The assessment of linear property, a accordance with the Matters Relating Alberta Linear Property Assessment M CONFIRMATION OF ASSESSOR DESIGN Designated Assessor Name Prop Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs In connection with the preparation of the design assessment year ending December 31, for knowledge and belief:	2. The person designated by the Minister to carry our below. Assessor Name Title ASSESSMENT OF LINEAR PROPERTY Assessment of linear property, as defined accordance with the Matters Relating to Assess Alberta Linear Property Assessment Minister's G CONFIRMATION OF ASSESSOR DESIGNATED BY Designated Assessor Name Signature Proposed Government of Alberta Municipal Affairs In connection with the preparation of the designated induassessment year ending December 31,, I confirm that knowledge and belief:	below. Title AMAA AACI CAE Equivalency as per the Qualific ASSESSMENT OF LINEAR PROPERTY 1. The assessment of linear property, as defined in the Municipal Governme accordance with the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regula Alberta Linear Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines. CONFIRMATION OF ASSESSOR DESIGNATED BY THE MINISTER Designated Assessor Name Signature Proposed Government of Alberta Signature Municipal Affairs Form 4 - A Designated Industrial property assessments assessment year ending December 31, Confirm that I have done the following to knowledge and belief:	2. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is lister below. Assessor Name Title Assessor Name AAAA CAE Equivalency as per the Qualifications of Assessor Regulation ASSESSMENT OF LINEAR PROPERTY 1. The assessment of linear property, as defined in the Municipal Government Act, was prepared in accordance with the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation, and the applicabil Alberta Linear Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines. CONFIRMATION OF ASSESSOR DESIGNATED BY THE MINISTER Designated Assessor Name Signature Designated Assessor Name Signature Designated Assessor Name Signature Designated Industrial Property Municipal Affairs In connection with the preparation of the designated industrial property assessments for the assessment year ending December 31,, I confirm that I have done the following to the best of my knowledge and belief:

 The provisions of the Qualifications of Assessor Regulation have been met. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is lis below.
requested of municipalities under section 319 (1) of the Municipal Government Act, and incluinformation pursuant to the Extension of Designated Industrial Property Regulation and the Elected Energy Generation Exemption Regulation. QUALIFICATIONS OF ASSESSOR 1. The provisions of the Qualifications of Assessor Regulation have been met. 2. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is lisbelow. Assessor Name Title
 The provisions of the Qualifications of Assessor Regulation have been met. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is lis below. Assessor Name Title AMAA AACI
2. The person designated by the Minister to carry out the duties and responsibilities of an assessor is lis below.
below. Assessor Name Title AMAA ACI
CAE Equivalency as per the Qualifications of Assessor Regula
ASSESSMENT OF DESIGNATED INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY 1. The assessment of designated industrial property, as defined in the <i>Municipal Government Act</i> , we prepared in accordance with the Matters Relating to Assessment and Taxation Regulation, applicable Alberta Railway Assessment Minister's Guidelines, and the applicable Alberta Line Property Assessment Minister's Guidelines.
CONFIRMATION OF ASSESSOR DESIGNATED BY THE MINISTER
Designated Assessor Name Signature Date

Page	Original	Rationale
167 RnR	Equalized Assessment	Refer below.

	The equalized assessment report is prepared by the date prescribed in the <i>Act</i> and is made available to municipalities.	
	Assessment Revisions	
	If an assessment is changed pursuant to section 305 of the <i>Act</i> , or because of a decision by the Assessment Review Board or the Municipal Government Board, the assessor is required to report and declare the changes in ASSET.	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
82 RnR	Equalized Assessment The equalized assessment report is prepared by the date prescribed in the <i>Act</i> and is made available to municipalities.	Provides clarity and correction.
	Annual Equalized Assessment Report	
	 The <i>Municipal Government Act</i> requires that equalized assessments must be prepared by November1st and this Report constitutes the official equalized assessments. The report contains a summary of each municipality's equalized assessment and is published on the Municipal Affairs website. In addition, municipal stakeholders that have access to the milenet ASSET system also have the option of logging into the ASSET system to obtain: the current year equalized assessment report that reflects revisions to equalized assessments or, 	
	• previous year's equalized assessment reports.	
	Assessment Revisions	
	If an assessment is changed pursuant to section 305(1) of the <i>Act</i> , or because of a decision by the Assessment Review Board or the Municipal Government Board, the assessor is required to report and declare the changes in ASSET.	

Page	Original	Rationale
19-49 RnR	Section 2.11 CAMA XML File Detail Definition	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale

83-	CAMA XML File Detail Definition moved to Appendix A	Improves readability.
113		
RnR		

Page	Original	Rationale
20 RnR	Table 3 CAMA XML File Detail Definition	Refer below.
	Note:	
	1. For attributes that are designated 'Optional' for import into ASSET, if data exists for the attribute it must be included in the submission. If no data exists for that attribute, the attribute name must still exist in the CAMA XML file with a null/blank indicator. The null/blank indicator is two double quote marks (""). For example, if there is no data for Parcel Size then the attribute will appear in the file as ParcelSize= ""	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
83 RnR	Table 20 CAMA XML File Detail Definition	Updating reference to reflect section
	Note:	reorganization within
	1. For attributes that are designated 'Optional' for import into ASSET, if data exists for the attribute it must be included in the submission. If no data exists for that attribute, the attribute name must still exist in the CAMA XML file with a null/blank indicator. The null/blank indicator is two double quote marks (""). For example, if there is no data for Parcel Size then the attribute will appear in the file as ParcelSize= ""	document.

Page	01	iginal		Rationale
49 RnR	IOVAdjCode (va_vac_adj_cod	 Standardized Varchar2t assessment audit 4) indicator of value adjustment code that describes the reason that the indicator of value was adjusted. More than one adjustment can be made. 	 Mandatory, if ValueAdjustment element exists. Must be a valid code in ASSET table (as_value_adjustment_codes). Refer to Note: item 3. above. 	Refer below.
	IOVAdjAmnt (va_adj_amt)	The adjustment Number(S amount pertaining to the indicator of value (records) adjustment code.	 Mandatory, if ValueAdjustment element exists. Can be Zero (0). <i>Refer to Note: item 3. above.</i> 	

		Concordance	Table		
Page	Proposed				Rationale
113 RnR	IOVAdjCode (va_vac_adj_code)	Standardized assessment audit indicator of value adjustment code that describes the reason that the indicator of value was adjusted. More than one adjustment can be made.	4)	Mandatory, if ValueAdjustment element exists. Must be a valid code in ASSET table (as_value_adjustment_codes). <i>Refer to Note: item 3. above.</i>	Detailed description of the new attribute.
	IOVAdjNarrative (va_adj_narrative)	Comments regarding the adjusted sale price.		Optional. Refer to Note item 1 above.	
	IOVAdjAmnt (va_adj_amt)	The adjustment amount pertaining to the indicator of value (records) adjustment code.	Number(9)	Mandatory, if ValueAdjustment element exists. Can be Zero (0). <i>Refer to Note: item 3. above.</i>	

Page	Original	Rationale
12	<valueadjustment iovadjamnt="10000" iovadjcode="5010"></valueadjustment>	Refer below
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
116	<valueadjustment <="" iovadjamnt="10000" iovadjcode="5010" td=""><td>Auditors would like to</td></valueadjustment>	Auditors would like to
RnR	IOVAdjNarrative="5 parcels" />	receive the IOV
		Adjustment Narrative from Assessors.

Page	Original	Rationale

13 RnR	• Parent and child elements have relationships. A parent element can have one occurrence of a child element (one record), multiple occurrences of the child element (records), or no occurrence of a child element (the tag will not exist). Section 2.10, CAMA XML File Schema Relationship, illustrates these relationships.	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
117 RnR	• Parent and child elements have relationships. A parent element can have one occurrence of a child element (one record), multiple occurrences of the child element (records), or no occurrence of a child element (the tag will not exist). Appendix C, CAMA XML File Schema Relationship, illustrates these relationships.	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
14-19 RnR	Section 2.10 CAMA XML File Schema Relationship	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
119- 123 RnR	CAMA XML File Schema Relationship moved to Appendix C	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
14 RnR	The following table illustrates the general structure and relationships (cardinalities) of the CAMA XML file. Section 2.11, CAMA XML File Detail Definition, provides a detailed description of each element and attribute of the CAMA XML file. The structure of the CAMA XML file will not vary based on the different types of assessment submissions (annual return, indicators of value, Supplementary, and Revisions to annual return and Supplementary Submissions).	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
119 RnR	The following table illustrates the general structure and relationships (cardinalities) of the CAMA XML file. Appendix A, CAMA XML File Detail Definition, provides a detailed description of each element and attribute of the CAMA XML file. The structure of the CAMA XML file will not vary based on the different types of assessment submissions (annual return, indicators of value, Supplementary, and Revisions to annual return and Supplementary Submissions).	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
15 RnR	Table 2 General Structure and Relationships of the CAMA XML File	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
120 RnR	Table 21 General Structure and Relationships of the CAMA XML File	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
15-16 RnR	Note: Table 2 does not apply to linear property.	Refer below.
	 The following notes further describe the table above: All mandatory child attributes must have values if the parent element exists. Each XML file must have only one MunicipalityDataLoad parent element. The MunicipalityDataLoad parent element must consist of the following mandatory attributes. Refer to section 2.11, CAMA XML File Detail Definition for a detailed description of the attributes. 	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
120- 121 RnR	 Note: Table 21 does not apply to linear property. The following notes further describe the table above: All mandatory child attributes must have values if the parent element exists. Each XML file must have only one MunicipalityDataLoad parent element. The MunicipalityDataLoad parent element must consist of the following mandatory attributes. Refer to Appendix A, CAMA XML File Detail Definition for a detailed description of the attributes. 	Updating reference to reflect section reorganization within document.

Page	Original	Rationale
	Page 53 of 69	

52-56	Table 4 Alberta Registries Registration Document Types	Refer below.
RnR		
Page	Proposed	Rationale
124-	Alberta Registries Registration Document Types moved to Appendix D	Improves readability.
128		
RnR		

Page	Original	Rationale
89- 106 RnR	Table 9 Actual Use Codes	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
129- 147 RnR	Actual Use Codes moved to Appendix E	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
107- 121	Model Quality Structure in section 3.6.2 Model Quality Structure Codes Table 10	Refer below.
RnR		
Daga	Proposod	Detionala
Page	Proposed	Rationale
Page 148 –	Model Quality Structure moved to Appendix F	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
134- 139	Tax Exemption Codes in section 3.6.11 Liability Code Table 20	Refer below.
Page	Proposed	Rationale
174- 179 RnR	Tax Exemption Codes moved to Appendix G	Improves readability.

Page	Original	Rationale
	Dago Ed of 60	

139 DoD	Community Revitalization Levy	AR57/2010 Property within the Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR57/2010	Refer below.
RnR	Community Revitalization Levy	AR173/2010 Property with the Quarters Downtown CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR173/2010	
	Community Revitalization Levy	AR204/2012 Town of Cochrane CRL regulation	AR204/2012	
	Community Revitalization Levy	AR141/2013 Property with the Capital City Downtown CRL	A141/2013	
Page		Proposed		Rationale
179 Dr D	Community Revitalization Levy	AR57/2010 Property within the Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR57/2010	Correcting
RnR	Community Revitalization Levy	AR173/2010 Property with the Quarters Downtown CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR173/2010	spelling.
	Community Revitalization Levy	AR204/2012 Town of Cochrane CRL regulation	AR204/2012	
	Community Revitalization Levy	AR141/2013 Property with the Capital City Downtown CRL	A141/2013	

Page	Original	Rationale
113	497 Computer Center	Refer below.
RnR	498 Broadcast Facility	
	499 Dry Cleaners / Laundry	
	511 Drug Store	
	515 Casino	
	518 Greenhouse Lath Shade House	
	519 Greenhouse Shade Shelter	
	520 Greenhouse, Modified Hoop	
	521 Greenhouse, Hoop, Arch-rib	
	522 Greenhouse, Straight	
Page	Proposed	Rationale
154	497 Computer Center	Correcting spelling.
RnR	498 Broadcast Facility	<u> </u>
	499 Dry Cleaners / Laundry	
	511 Drug Store	
	515 Casino	
	518 Greenhouse Lath Shade House	
	519 Greenhouse Shade Shelter	
	520 Greenhouse, Modified Hoop	
	521 Greenhouse, Hoop, Arch-rib	

522 Greenhouse, Straight Wall

				Original		Ratio
Definition				Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)	See below
NAA		Not applicable/Not available. All taxable or partially taxable NAA property must be assigned the NAA code. NAA				
Equalized Assessment	317	(d)		Excludes, from the equalized assessment, property made taxable under section 363(1)(d).	MGA317(d)	
Non-taxable property	351	(1)		The following are exempt from taxation under this Part:	MGA351(1)(b)	
			(b)	any property or business in respect of which an exemption from assessment or taxation, or both, was granted before January 1, 1995		
				(i) by a private <i>Act</i> , or		
				(ii) by an order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council based on an order of the Local Authorities Board.		
Exemptions based on use of property	361			The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:		
			(b)	residences and farm buildings to the extent prescribed in the regulations;	MGA361(b)	
			(c)	environmental reserves, municipal reserves, school reserves, municipal and school reserves and other undeveloped property reserved for public utilities.	MGA361(c)	
	362	(1)		The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:		

Exemptions for government, churches and other bodies	 (a) any interest held by the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada in property; 	MGA362(1)(a)
	(b) property held by a municipality, except the following:	MGA362(1)(b)
	(i) property from which the municipality earns revenue and which is not operated as a public benefit;	
	(ii) property that is operated as a public benefit but that has annual revenue that exceeds the annual operating costs;	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code
Exemptions for	(iii) an electric power system	(required)
government, churches and other bodies	(iv) a telecommunications systems;	
	 (v) a natural gas or propane system located in a hamlet, village, summer village, town or city or in a school district that is authorized under the <i>School Act</i> to impose taxes and has a population in excess of 500 people; 	
	(c) property, other than a student dormitory, used in connection with school purposes and held by	MGA362(1)(c)
	(i) the board of trustees of a school district, school division or regional division,	
	(i.1) the Regional authority for a Francophone Education Region established under the <i>School Act</i> ,	
	(i.2) the operator of a charter school established under the <i>School Act</i> , or	
	(ii) the operator of a private school registered under the <i>School Act</i> ;	
1		1

	(i) the board of governors of	
	(A) a university under the <i>Universities Act</i> ;	
	(B) a technical institute under the <i>Technical Institutes Act</i> ;	
	(C) a public college under the <i>Colleges Act</i> ;	
	(ii) the governing body of an educational institution affiliated with a university under the <i>Universities Act</i> ;	
	 (iii) a students' union or a graduate students' association of a university under the Universities Act; 	
	 (iv) a students' association of a technical institute under the <i>Technical Institutes Act</i> or a public college under the <i>Colleges</i> <i>Act</i>; 	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
Exemptions for	(v) The Governors of the Banff Centre for Continuing Education;	
government, churches and other bodies	 (e) property, other than a student dormitory, used in connection with hospital purposes and held by a hospital board that receives financial assistance from the Crown; 	MGA362(1)(e)
	(f) property held by a regional services commission;	MGA362(1)(f)
	(g.1) property used in connection with health region purposes and held by a health region under the <i>Regional Health Authorities Act</i> that receives financial assistance from the Crown under any Act;	MGA362(1)(g.1)
	by a health region under the Regional Health Authorities Act that	MGA362(1)(g.1) MGA362(1)(h)
	 by a health region under the <i>Regional Health Authorities Act</i> that receives financial assistance from the Crown under any Act; (h) property used in connection with nursing home purposes and held 	
	 by a health region under the <i>Regional Health Authorities Act</i> that receives financial assistance from the Crown under any Act; (h) property used in connection with nursing home purposes and held by a nursing home administered under the <i>Nursing Homes Act</i>; (j) property used in connection with library purposes and held by a 	MGA362(1)(h)

	 (i) a parcel of land, to a maximum of 10 hectares, that is used as a cemetery as defined in the <i>Cemeteries Act</i>; (ii) any additional land that has been conveyed by the owner of the cemetery to individuals to be used as burial sites; (iii) any improvement on land described in subclause (i) or (ii) that is used for burial purposes; 	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
Exemptions for	(m) property held by	MGA362(1)(m)
government, churches and other bodies	 (i) a foundation constituted under the Senior Citizens Housing Act, RSA 1980 cS-13, before July 1, 1994, or 	
	(ii) a management body established under the <i>Alberta Housing Act</i> ,	
	and used to provide senior citizens with lodge accommodation as defined in the <i>Alberta Housing Act</i>	
	(n) property that is	MGA362(1)(n)
	(i) owned by a municipality and held by a non-profit organization in an official capacity on behalf of the municipality,	
	 (ii) held by a non-profit organization and used solely for community games, sports, athletics or recreation for the benefit of the general public, 	
	(iii) used for a charitable or benevolent purpose that is for the benefit of the general public, and owned by	
	 (A) the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada, a municipality or any other body that is exempt from taxation under this Division and held by a non-profit organization, or 	
	(B) by a non-profit organization	
	 (iv) held by a non/profit organization and used to provide senior citizens with lodge accommodation as defined in the <i>Alberta</i> <i>Housing Act</i>, or 	
	 (v) held by and used in connection with a society as defined in the <i>Agricultural Societies Act</i> or with a community association as defined in the regulations, 	

		(o) Property	MGA362(1)(o)
		(i) owned by a municipality and used solely for the operation of an airport by the municipality, or	
		 (ii) held under a lease, licence or permit from a municipality and used solely for the operation of an airport by the lessee, licensee or permittee; 	
Definition		Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
Exemptions for government, churches and other bodies	(p)	a municipal seed cleaning plant constructed under an agreement authorized by section 7 of the <i>Agricultural Service Board</i> Act, to the extent of 2/3 of the assessment prepared under Part 9 for the plant, but not including the land attributable to the plant.	MGA362(1)(p)
Exempt property that	363 (1)	The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:	
can be made taxable	(a)	property held by and used in connection with Ducks Unlimited (Canada) under a lease, licence or permit from the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada;	MGA363(1)(a)
	(b)	property held by and used in connection with	
		(i) the Canadian Hostelling Association Northern Alberta District,	
		(ii) the Southern Alberta Hostelling Association,	
		(iii) Hostelling International Canada Northern Alberta, or	MGA363(1)(b)
		(iv) Hostelling International Canada Southern Alberta,	
		unless the property is operated for profit or gain;	
	(c)	property held by and used in connection with a branch or local unit of the Royal Canadian Legion, the Army, Navy and Air Force Veterans in Canada or other organization of former members of any allied forces;	MGA363(1)(c)
	(d)	student dormitories	MGA363(1)(d)
Exemptions granted by bylaw	364 (1)	A council may by bylaw exempt from taxation under this Division property held by a non-profit organization.	MGA364(1)
	(1.1)	A council may by bylaw exempt from taxation under this Division machinery and equipment used for manufacturing or processing.	MGA364(1.1)

Licensed premises	365 (2) Despi which from t	MGA365(2)	
Definition		Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
Changes in taxable status of property	368 (4) (a)	When a designated manufactured home is moved out of a municipality, it becomes exempt from taxation by that municipality when it is moved.	MGA368(4)(a)
Ministerial Order	MO-H:016/96	Removes the amount of taxable assessment for self-contained senior citizen housing accommodation from the equalized assessment.	MO-H:016/96
Ministerial Order	MO-L:016/06	Excludes the taxable assessment of lands and improvements within the Garden River community, I.D. No. 24 from the equalized assessment.	MO-L:016/06
Ministerial Order		Unsubsidized Non-Profit Seniors Accommodations. As directed by ministerial order, the taxable assessment of land and improvements is to be removed from the equalized assessment for certain unsubsidized seniors accommodation units that are owned by a non- profit organization.	UNSA
Community Organization Property Tax Exemption Regulation	AR 281/98	Property held by a non-profit organization or used for a charitable or benevolent purpose.	AR281/98
Community Revitalization Levy	AR232/2006	Property within the Rivers District CRL area – City of Calgary	AR232/2006
Community Revitalization Levy	AR57/2010	Property within the Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR57/2010
Community Revitalization Levy	AR173/2010	Property with the Quarters Downtown CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR173/2010
Community Revitalization Levy	AR204/2012	Town of Cochrane CRL regulation	AR204/2012
Community Revitalization Levy	AR141/2013	Property with the Capital City Downtown CRL	A141/2013
Grant in Place of Taxes (GIPOT)	Removal of section 3 b from MGA	17 Removes GIPOT properties from the Equalized Assessment.	GIPOT

				Proposed		5
Definition			Auf	hority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason	To in cl
2 •••••••	Code (Code (required)	
NAA				Not applicable/Not available. All taxable or partially taxable property must be assigned the NAA code.	NAA	R dı
Equalized Assessment	317	(d)		Excludes, from the equalized assessment, property made taxable under section 363(1)(d).	MGA317(d)	т. Т.
Non-taxable property	351	(1)		The following are exempt from taxation under this Part:	MGA351(1)(b)	- th sp
			(b)	any property or business in respect of which an exemption from assessment or taxation, or both, was granted before January 1, 1995		
				(i) by a private <i>Act</i> , or		
				(ii) by an order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council based on an order of the Local Authorities Board.		
Exemptions based on use of property	361			The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:		
			(b)	residences and farm buildings to the extent prescribed in the regulations;	MGA361(b)	
			(c)	environmental reserves, municipal reserves, school reserves, municipal and school reserves and other undeveloped property reserved for public utilities.	MGA361(c)	
Exemptions for government, churches	362	(1)		The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:		
and other bodies			(a)	any interest held by the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada in property;	MGA362(1)(a)	
Municipal Property			(b)	property held by a municipality, except the following:	MGA362(1)(b)	1

	which is not operated as a public benefit;(ii) property that is operated as a public benefit but that has annual revenue that exceeds the annual operating costs;	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
	(iii) an electric power system(iv) a telecommunications systems;	
	 (v) a natural gas or propane system located in a hamlet, village, summer village, town or city or in a school district that is authorized under the <i>School Act</i> to impose taxes and has a population in excess of 500 people; 	
Property connected with school purposes	(c) property, other than a student dormitory, used in connection with school purposes and held by	MGA362(1)(c)
	(i) the board of trustees of a school district, school division or regional division,	
	(i.1) the Regional authority for a Francophone Education Region established under the <i>School Act</i> ,	
	(i.2) the operator of a charter school established under the <i>School Act</i> , or	
	(ii) the operator of a private school registered under the <i>School Act</i> ;	
Property connected with education	(d) property, other than a student dormitory, used in connection with educational purposes and held by any of the following:	MGA362(1)(d)

(i) the board of governors of	
(A) a university under the <i>Universities Act</i> ;	
(B) a technical institute under the <i>Technical Institutes Act</i> ;	
(C) a public college under the <i>Colleges Act</i> ;	
(ii) the governing body of an educational institution affiliated with a university under the Universities Act;	
(iii) a students' union or a graduate students' association of a university under the <i>Universities Act</i> ;	
 (iv) a students' association of a technical institute under the <i>Technical Institutes Act</i> or a public college under the <i>Colleges</i> <i>Act</i>; 	

Definition	Authority and description of exempt property					
	((v) The Governors of the Banff Centre for Continuing Education;				
	Ī	property, other than a student dormitory, used in connection with hospital purposes and held by a hospital board that receives financial assistance from the Crown;	MGA362(1)(e)			
Regional Service	(f) p	property held by a regional services commission;	MGA362(1)(f)			
Regional Health Authority	ł	property used in connection with health region purposes and held by a health region under the <i>Regional Health Authorities Act</i> that receives financial assistance from the Crown under any Act;	MGA362(1)(g.1)			
Nursing Home		property used in connection with nursing home purposes and held by a nursing home administered under the <i>Nursing Homes Act</i> ;	MGA362(1)(h)			
Library		property used in connection with library purposes and held by a library board established under the <i>Libraries Act</i> ;	MGA362(1)(j)			
Religious Body	s 1	property held by a religious body and used chiefly for divine service, public worship or religious education and any parcel of and that is held by the religious body and used only as a parking area in connection with those purposes;	MGA362(1)(k)			
Cemeteries	(l) p	property consisting of any of the following:	MGA362(1)(l)			

	 (i) a parcel of land, to a maximum of 10 hectares, that is used as a cemetery as defined in the <i>Cemeteries Act</i>; (ii) any additional land that has been conveyed by the owner of the cemetery to individuals to be used as burial sites; (iii) any improvement on land described in subclause (i) or (ii) that is used for burial purposes; 	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
	 (m) property held by (i) a foundation constituted under the <i>Senior Citizens Housing</i> <i>Act</i>, RSA 1980 cS-13, before July 1, 1994, or 	MGA362(1)(m)
	(ii) a management body established under the <i>Alberta Housing Act</i> ,	
	and used to provide senior citizens with lodge accommodation as defined in the <i>Alberta Housing Act</i>	
Non-profits and Community organizations	(n) property that is	MGA362(1)(n)

	 (i) owned by a municipality and held by a non-profit organization in an official capacity on behalf of the municipality, (ii) held by a non-profit organization and used solely for community games, sports, athletics or recreation for the 	
	benefit of the general public,(iii) used for a charitable or benevolent purpose that is for the benefit of the general public, and owned by	
	 (A) the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada, a municipality or any other body that is exempt from taxation under this Division and held by a non-profit organization, or 	
	(B) by a non-profit organization	
	 (iv) held by a non/profit organization and used to provide senior citizens with lodge accommodation as defined in the <i>Alberta Housing Act</i>, or 	
	 (v) held by and used in connection with a society as defined in the Agricultural Societies Act or with a community association as defined in the regulations, 	
Airports	(o) Property	MGA362(1)(o)
	(i) owned by a municipality and used solely for the operation of an airport by the municipality, or	
	 (ii) held under a lease, licence or permit from a municipality and used solely for the operation of an airport by the lessee, licensee or permittee; 	
Definition	Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code (required)
	(p) a municipal seed cleaning plant constructed under an agreement authorized by section 7 of the <i>Agricultural Service Board</i> Act, to the extent of 2/3 of the assessment prepared under Part 9 for the plant, but not including the land attributable to the plant.	MGA362(1)(p)
Exempt property	363 (1) The following are exempt from taxation under this Division:	
that can be made taxable	 (a) property held by and used in connection with Ducks Unlimited (Canada) under a lease, licence or permit from the Crown in right of Alberta or Canada; 	MGA363(1)(a)
	(b) property held by and used in connection with	MGA363(1)(b)

	-			Concordance Table	
			(i) the C	Canadian Hostelling Association Northern Alberta District,	
			(ii) the S	outhern Alberta Hostelling Association,	
			(iii) Host	elling International Canada Northern Alberta, or	
			(iv) Host	elling International Canada Southern Alberta,	
			unless the	property is operated for profit or gain;	
			Legion, th	eld by and used in connection with a branch or local unit of the Royal Canadian e Army, Navy and Air Force Veterans in Canada or other organization of mbers of any allied forces;	MGA363(1)(c)
		(d)	student do	rmitories	MGA363(1)(d)
Exemptions granted by bylaw	364 (1		A council profit orga	may by bylaw exempt from taxation under this Division property held by a non- nization.	MGA364(1)
	(1.			may by bylaw exempt from taxation under this Division machinery and t used for manufacturing or processing.	MGA364(1.1)
Licensed premises	365 (2			bsection (1), property listed in section $362(1)(n)$ in respect of which a licence cified in the regulations has been issued is exempt from taxation under this	MGA365(2)
D = 6 == 149				Authority and description of exempt property	Exemption Reason Code
Definition					(required)
Changes in taxable s	tatus	368	(4)	When a designated manufactured home is moved out of a municipality,	(required)
	status	368		When a designated manufactured home is moved out of a municipality, it becomes exempt from taxation by that municipality when it is moved.	(required) MGA368(4)(a)
Changes in taxable s					
Changes in taxable s of property		MO-I	(a)	it becomes exempt from taxation by that municipality when it is moved. Removes the amount of taxable assessment for self-contained senior citizen	MGA368(4)(a)
Changes in taxable s of property Ministerial Order		MO-I	(a) H:016/96	it becomes exempt from taxation by that municipality when it is moved. Removes the amount of taxable assessment for self-contained senior citizen housing accommodation from the equalized assessment. Excludes the taxable assessment of lands and improvements within the Garden	MGA368(4)(a) MO-H:016/96

Community Revitalization Levy	AR232/2006	Property within the Rivers District CRL area – City of Calgary	AR232/2006	
Community Revitalization Levy	AR57/2010	Property within the Belvedere CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR57/2010	
Community Revitalization Levy	AR173/2010	Property with the Quarters Downtown CRL area – City of Edmonton	AR173/2010	
Community Revitalization Levy	AR204/2012	Town of Cochrane CRL regulation	AR204/2012	
Community Revitalization Levy	AR141/2013	Property with the Capital City Downtown CRL	A141/2013	
Grant in Place of Taxes (GIPOT)	Removal of section 317 b from MGA	Removes GIPOT properties from the Equalized Assessment.	GIPOT	

Summary of Section Change								
2017	STATUS	<u>2018</u>						
Table 1	NO CHANGE	Table 1						
Section 2.1 & Table 2	changed to	Appendix C & Table 21						
Section 2.11 & Table 3	changed to	Appendix A & Table 20						
Section 2.9	changed to	Appendix B						
Table 4	changed to	Appendix D						
Table 5	changed to	Table 2						
Table 6	changed to	Table 3						
Table 7	changed to	Table 4						
Table 8	changed to	Table 5						
Table 9	changed to	Appendix E						
Table 10	changed to	Appendix F						
Table 11	changed to	Table 6						
Table 12	changed to	Table 7						
Table 13	changed to	Table 8						
Table 14	changed to	Table 9						
Table 15	changed to	Table 10						
Table 16	changed to	Table 11						
Table 17	changed to	Table 12						
Table 18	changed to	Table 13						
Table 19	changed to	Table 14						
Table 20	changed to	Appendix G						
Table 21	changed to	Table 15						
Table 22	changed to	Table 16						
Table 23	changed to	Table 17						
Table 24	changed to	Table 18						
Table 25	changed to	Table 19						